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```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 0Ch
test   eax, eax
jnz     short loc_672B5428
lea     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
cmp     eax, 7Eh
jnz     loc_672B5455
lea     ecx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   104h
push   ecx
push   2
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 0Ch
test   eax, eax
jnz     short loc_672B5428
lea     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```

Hunting malware with Volatility v2.0

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What is Volatility?

- Forensics framework to acquire digital artifacts from memory dumps
- Completely written in Python
- Current stable version is 2.0.1
- Easy to use plugin interface
- Supports the following x86 Windows versions
 - Windows XP SP 2, 3
 - Windows 2003 Server SP 0, 1, 2
 - Windows Vista SP 0, 1, 2
 - Windows 2008 Server SP 1, 2
 - Windows 7 SP 0, 1



How does Volatility work?

- Volatility versions ≤ 1.3 only supported Windows XP and searched for hardcoded values, e.g. to detect the Kernel Processor Control Region (KPCR)
- Starting with version 2.0 advanced scanning techniques are being used to detect the KPCR
 - If `KPCR.baseaddr == *(baseaddr + 10)`
 - Then `Start_Sanity_checks()`
 - or `_DBGKD_DEBUG_DATA_HEADER64` Scan
- For details on these scanning techniques read the following articles

<http://blog.schatzforensic.com.au/2010/07/finding-object-roots-in-vista-kpcr/>

<http://gleeda.blogspot.com/2010/12/identifying-memory-images.html>



How does Volatility work?

- After detecting the right Windows version and its KPCR, volatility scans for dozens of other structures inside a dump file. Additional plugins like malware.py hunt for malicious activities by using strong heuristics or comparing results from different structures
- Typical structures being parsed are:
 - `_EPROCESS` und `_KPROCESS`
 - `_KTIMER`
 - `_TCPT_OBJECT`
 - `_ETHREAD` und `_KTHREAD`
 - `_CMHIVE`
 - `_LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY`
 - `_KMUTANT`



Show active processes via _EPROCESS list parsing

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py pslist -f \forensics\malware-images\ZeroAccess.dmp
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

Offset(U)	Name	PID	PPID	Thds	Hnds	Time
0x825b4830	System	4	0	56	247	1970-01-01 00:00:00
0x8249ec10	smss.exe	536	4	3	21	2011-12-06 11:15:44
0x82406740	csrss.exe	604	536	11	361	2011-12-06 11:15:46
0x823055f0	winlogon.exe	632	536	23	458	2011-12-06 11:15:47
0x8232e880	services.exe	676	632	16	265	2011-12-06 11:15:47
0x822fdda0	lsass.exe	688	632	24	331	2011-12-06 11:15:47
0x8249ada0	vmacthlp.exe	840	676	1	24	2011-12-06 11:15:48
0x82426c30	svchost.exe	852	676	19	194	2011-12-06 11:15:48
0x822afda0	svchost.exe	936	676	9	223	2011-12-06 11:15:48
0x822f3a80	svchost.exe	1032	676	68	1105	2011-12-06 11:15:48
0x82448498	svchost.exe	1084	676	6	69	2011-12-06 11:15:49
0x822db7a8	svchost.exe	1284	676	14	204	2011-12-06 11:15:49
0x82323228	explorer.exe	1472	1444	13	304	2011-12-06 11:15:50
0x820bda38	smnlsu.exe	1596	676	15	124	2011-12-06 11:15:50
0x820c6030	1145096676	1656	676	1	5	2011-12-06 11:15:51
0x8209b570	ctfmon.exe	1736	1472	1	64	2011-12-06 11:15:52
0x8232b228	mscorsvw.exe	1864	676	3	49	2011-12-06 11:15:53
0x82050c08	VMUpgradeHelper	232	676	6	99	2011-12-06 11:15:55
0x820311f0	wmiprvse.exe	432	852	7	168	2011-12-06 11:15:55
0x8207eda0	alg.exe	1388	676	7	103	2011-12-06 11:16:11
0x82047030	wscntfy.exe	1936	1032	1	37	2011-12-06 11:16:12
0x824247e8	cmd.exe	292	1472	1	31	2011-12-06 11:16:30
0x823aa650	win32dd.exe	368	292	1	21	2011-12-06 11:17:22

```
sub edi, ecx  
mov esi, edi  
mov ebx, ecx
```



Show running modules/libraries to processes via Process Environment Block parsing

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 4
test   eax, eax
jnz     4
lea     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py dlllist -f \forensics\malware-images\ZeroAccess.dmp -p 1656
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility framework 2.0
```

```
*****
```

```
1145096676 pid: 1656
```

```
Command line : 1145096676:456572859.exe
```

```
Service Pack 2
```

Base	Size	Path
0x00400000	0x000330	C:\WINDOWS\1145096676:456572859.exe
0x7c910000	0x0b7000	C:\WINDOWS\system32\ntdll.dll
0x7c800000	0x106000	C:\WINDOWS\system32\kernel32.dll

```
call    sub_072000F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```



Hunting for the C&C server with the connscan feature via _TCPT_OBJECT parsing

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py connscan -f \forensics\malware-images\carberp_with_bootkit.vmem
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

```
Offset Local Address Remote Address Pid
```

```
-----  
0x022ee6c8 192.168.2.105:1033 80.156.86.78:80 852
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py memdump -f \forensics\malware-images\carberp_with_bootkit.vmem -p 852 -D dump
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

```
*****
```

```
Writing svchost.exe [ 852] to 852.dmp
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>strings dump\852.dmp | grep -i http:// | sort | uniq -u
```

```
'http://www.certplus.com/CRL/class3p.crl0
```

```
http://navigationshilfe1.t-online.de/dnserror?url=http://n708wfgehu89efhwji.com/
```

```
#http://www.entrust.net/CRL/net1.crl0+
```

```
$http://crl.verisign.com/pca1.1.1.crl0G
```

```
$http://crl.verisign.com/pca2.1.1.crl0G
```

```
&http://www.certplus.com/CRL/class1.crl0
```

```
http://activex.microsoft.com/controls/find.asp?ext=%s&mime=%s
```

```
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=374
```

```
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=488
```

```
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=493&clcid={SUB_CLCID}
```

```
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=625&clcid={SUB_CLCID}
```

```
http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/events.asp
```

```
http://ie.search.msn.com/*
```

```
http://ie.search.msn.com/{SUB_RFC1766}/srchasst/srchasst.htm
```

```
http://ie.search.msn.com/{SUB_RFC1766}/srchasst/srchcust.htm
```

```
http://mscd.musichud.com/cgi-bin/twcd/0_1100_
```

```
http://n708wfgehu89efhwji.com/aadyqecagpwukyqrgnhwzhszktslzoyodweisvufrsizibnfzvojxhaw.phtm
```

```
http://n708wfgehu89efhwji.com/agtvoqakfbkpsvsevneavvcdaeIngqucvshuhozzzdsqxldvoytuyvbeukgl.7z
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>nslookup n708wfgehu89efhwji.com
```

```
Server: speedport.ip
```

```
Address: 192.168.2.1
```

```
Nicht autorisierte Antwort:
```

```
Name: n708wfgehu89efhwji.com
```

```
Addresses: 62.157.140.133, 80.156.86.78
```



Virtual Address Descriptor (VAD)

- The VAD is a kernel data structure that describes the allocated memory pages of a process, e.g. loaded modules, mapped files or private heap
- A very often used malware technique is to inject its malicious code into trusted/privileged processes, e.g. Services.exe, Svchost.exe, Winlogon.exe



VAD parsing to find injected code with "malfind"

- Regular loaded libraries in the address space of a process are of type `_MMVAD` or `_MMVAD_LONG`
- Dynamically allocated memory pages created via `VirtualAllocEx/WriteProcessMemory` are of type `_MMVAD_SHORT`
- If these memory pages additionally are marked as `PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE`, this is a good indication for the malfind feature to write this page to a dump directory
- With the YARA library in combination further malware indicators could be detected



Hunting for injected code inside trusted/privileged processes and scan for typical malware pattern with YARA

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test    eax, eax
jnz     c
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call    sub_672B35F0

c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py malfind -f \forensics\malware-images\carberp_with_bootkit.vmem -p 852 -Y malware.yara -D dump
Volatile Systems Volatility framework 2.0
Name      Pid      Start      End      Tag      Hits      Protect
svchost.exe  852      0x000a0000 0xffff000 Vad      1      PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE
Dumped to: dump\svchost.exe.2299820.000a0000-000affff.dmp
YARA rule: carberp_with_bootkit
Description: Carberp with bootkit - usermode dll
Hit: bnk.list
0x000ab41c 62 6e 6b 2e 6c 69 73 74 00 00 00 00 6e 6f 62 6e  bnk.list....nobn
0x000ab42c 6b 2e 6c 69 73 74 00 00 d8 c0 0a 00 25 73 28 25  k.list.....%s(%
0x000ab43c 64 29 20 5b 20 25 73 20 5d 20 3a 20 25 73 00 00  d) [ %s ] : %s..
0x000ab44c 6d 6e 68 73 6c 73 74 33 32 2e 64 61 74 00 00 00  mnhslst32.dat...
0x000ab45c 0d 0a 30 0d 0a 0d 0a 00 43 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d  ..0.....Content-
0x000ab46c 54 72 61 6e 73 66 65 72 2d 45 6e 63 6f 64 69 6e  Transfer-Encodin
0x000ab47c 67 3a 20 62 69 6e 61 72 79 00 00 00 61 70 70 6c  g: binary...appl
0x000ab48c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 6f 63 74 65 74 2d 73 74  ication/octet-st

Hit: GSUSoft
0x000abaa3 47 53 56 53 6f 66 74 5c 50 72 6f 6a 65 63 74 73  GSUSoft.Projects
0x000abab3 5c 41 67 65 6e 74 73 5c 42 75 69 6c 64 73 5c 42  .Agents.Builds.B
0x000abac3 69 6e 5c 52 15 6c 65 61 73 65 5c 4c 6f 61 64 65  in.Release.Loader
0x000abad3 72 5f 64 6c 6e 2e 70 64 62 00 00 00 00 85 bc 00  r_dll.pdb.....
0x000abae3 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  .....
0x000abaf3 00 00 00 00 00 fe ff ff ff 00 00 00 00 d0 ff ff  .....
0x000abb03 ff 00 00 00 00 fe ff ff ff 00 00 00 00 53 b8 0a  .....S..
0x000abb13 00 00 00 00 00 1f b8 0a 00 33 b8 0a 00 fe ff ff  .....3.....

repne scasb
not    ecx
sub    edi, ecx
mov    esi, edi
mov    ebx, ecx
```



PE-File fixing via impscan to have clean importnames inside IDA Pro

```

push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 4
test   eax, eax
jnz    short loc_672B5428
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx

```

```

c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py impscan -f \forensics\malware-images\carberp_with_bootkit.vmem -p 852 -D dump -a 0x000a0000 -u
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
Dumping IDC file to c:\Volatility-2.0.1\dump\852-a0000-affff.bin.idc

```

Finished after 31.7660000324 seconds

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>cd dump
```

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1\dump>idaq 852-a0000-affff.idb
```

```

hinstDLL      = dword ptr  8
fdwReason     = dword ptr  0Ch
lpvReserved   = dword ptr  10h

mov     edi, edi
push   ebp
mov     ebp, esp
cmp     [ebp+fdwReason], 1
jnz    short loc_1000BC23
cmp     dword ptr ds:0AC0BCh, 0
jnz    short loc_1000BC23
push   [ebp+hinstDLL]
call   dword ptr ds:0AC010h

```

Ohne IMPSCAN!

```

hinstDLL      = dword ptr  8
fdwReason     = dword ptr  0Ch
lpvReserved   = dword ptr  10h

mov     edi, edi
push   ebp
mov     ebp, esp
cmp     [ebp+fdwReason], 1
jnz    short loc_ABC23
cmp     ds:dword_AC0BC, 0
jnz    short loc_ABC23
push   [ebp+hinstDLL] ; hLibModule
call   ds:DisableThreadLibraryCalls

```

Mit IMPSCAN!

```

not     ecx, ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx

```



View of named mutexes to identify typical malware pattern

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py mutantscan -s -f \forensics\malware-images\spyeve.vmem
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
Offset  Obj Type  #Ptr #Hnd Signal Thread  CID  Name
0x0202a718 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'PerfProc_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x0203abf8 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'ThinPrint-L'
0x0203bf60 0x821b1848 5 4 1 0x00000000 'MSCTF.Shared.MUTEX.AMF'
0x02044978 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'PerfNet_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x02044b70 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 '746bbf3569adEncrypt'
0x020489f8 0x821b1848 2 1 0 0x81c5a248 204:236 'wsentfy_mtx'
0x0205e368 0x821b1848 3 2 1 0x00000000 'c:!dokumente und einstellungen!karlchen!lokale einstellungen!verlauf!history.ie5!'
0x02067400 0x821b1848 3 2 1 0x00000000 'c:!dokumente und einstellungen!karlchen!cookies!'
0x0206e348 0x821b1848 3 2 1 0x00000000 'SRDataStore'
0x020777b8 0x821b1848 3 2 1 0x00000000 'c:!dokumente und einstellungen!karlchen!lokale einstellungen!temporary internet files!content.ie5!'
0x0207e7a0 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 '0CADFD67AF62496dB34264F000F5624A'
0x0207ebb0 0x821b1848 4 3 1 0x00000000 'WininetStartupMutex'
0x020ac350 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'c:!dokumente und einstellungen!localservice!lokale einstellungen!verlauf!history.ie5!'
0x020ac488 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 '238FAD3109D3473aB4764B20B3731840'
0x020ac4e8 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 '4FCC0DEFE22C4f138FB9D5AF25FD9398'
0x020b9310 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'MSDTC_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x020c0a60 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 '__SPYNET__'
0x020c3338 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'c:!dokumente und einstellungen!localservice!lokale einstellungen!temporary internet files!content.ie5!'
0x020c6e48 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'DBWinMutex'
0x0227c790 0x821b1848 4 3 1 0x00000000 'WininetProxyRegistryMutex'
0x0228b500 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'PSched_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x02293740 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'PerfDisk_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x0229a288 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'UMwareGuestCopyPasteMutex'
0x0229ed58 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'RemoteAccess_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x022a5b40 0x821b1848 4 3 1 0x00000000 '!MSFTHISTORY!'
0x022a7930 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'PerfOS_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x022a9aa0 0x821b1848 3 2 1 0x00000000 'ZonesCounterMutex'
0x022af810 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 '__SPYNET_REPALREADYSENDED__'
0x022b2fe0 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'ContentFilter_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x022baa68 0x821b1848 2 1 1 0x00000000 'ISAPISearch_Perf_Library_Lock_PID_188'
0x022baac8 0x821b1848 7 6 1 0x00000000 'CTF.LBES.MutexDefaultS-1-5-21-1060284298-1214440339-839522115-1003'
```



Hunting for code hooks to detect manipulated system functions

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test   eax, eax
jnz    short loc_672B5428
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call   sub_672B35F0
mov    edi, off_672CA058
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py apihooks -f \forensics\malware-images\spyeve.vmem
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility framework 2.0
```

Name	Type	Target	Value
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	ntdll.dll!LdrLoadDll[0x7c9261ca]	0x7c9261ca JMP 0xea034b1 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	ntdll.dll!NtEnumerateValueKey[0x7c91d976]	0x7c91d976 JMP 0xea0971de (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	ntdll.dll!NtQueryDirectoryFile[0x7c91df5e]	0x7c91df5e JMP 0xea097df (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	ntdll.dll!NtResumeThread[0x7c91e45f]	0x7c91e45f JMP 0xea099995 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	ntdll.dll!NtVdmControl[0x7c91e975]	0x7c91e975 JMP 0xea09897 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	user32.dll!TranslateMessage[0x77d18bce]	0x77d18bce JMP 0xea05879 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!HttpAddRequestHeadersA[0x771954ca]	0x771954ca JMP 0xea0f2d0 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!HttpOpenRequestA[0x77194ac5]	0x77194ac5 JMP 0xea0ef00 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!HttpQueryInfoA[0x77198c6a]	0x77198c6a JMP 0xea11e10 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!HttpSendRequestA[0x771976b8]	0x771976b8 JMP 0xea07749 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!HttpSendRequestW[0x771e1808]	0x771e1808 JMP 0xea07880 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!InternetCloseHandle[0x771961dc]	0x771961dc JMP 0xea12900 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!InternetQueryDataAvailable[0x771a325f]	0x771a325f JMP 0xea0f540 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!InternetReadFile[0x77199555]	0x77199555 JMP 0xea12660 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!InternetReadFileExA[0x771c7e9a]	0x771c7e9a JMP 0xea127b0 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	wininet.dll!InternetWriteFile[0x771c7953]	0x771c7953 JMP 0xea079b7 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	advapi32.dll!CryptEncrypt[0x77dc1558]	0x77dc1558 JMP 0xea06f36 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	ws2_32.dll!send[0x71a1428a]	0x71a1428a JMP 0xea0e736 (UNKNOWN)
winlogon.exe[616]	inline	crypt32.dll!PFXImportCertStore[0x77abf748]	0x77abf748 JMP 0xea023af (UNKNOWN)

```
lea    edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne scasb
not    ecx
sub    edi, ecx
mov    esi, edi
mov    ebx, ecx
```



Memory, disassembler and structures view via the interactive shell

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test    short loc_672B5428
jnz     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
lea     [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push    c:\Volatility-2.0.1\vol.py volshell -f \forensics\malware-images\spyeve.vmem
call    Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
mov     Current context: process System, pid=4, ppid=0 DTB=0xaf9000
xor     Welcome to volshell! Current memory image is:
or      file:///C:/forensics/malware-images/spyeve.vmem
xor     To get help, type 'hh()'
mov     >>> cc(offset=None, pid=616, name=None)
rep     Current context: process nologon.exe pid=616, ppid=444 DTB=0x7180060
not     >>> db(0xea000000, length=128, space=None)
sub     0ea00000 4d 5a 90 00 03 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 ff ff 00 00
mov     0ea00010 b8 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 40 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
mov     0ea00020 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
mov     0ea00030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 d0 00 00 00
mov     0ea00040 0e 1f ba 0e 00 b4 09 cd 21 b8 01 4c cd 21 54 68
cmp     0ea00050 69 73 20 70 72 6f 67 72 61 6d 20 63 61 6e 6e 6f
mov     0ea00060 74 20 62 65 20 72 75 6e 20 69 6e 20 44 4f 53 20
mov     0ea00070 6d 6f 64 65 2e 0d 0d 0a 24 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
lea     >>> dis(0x7c9261ca, length=5, space=None)
push    0x7c9261ca eye20200yz
push    >>> dis(0xea034b1, length=40, space=None)
push    0xea034b1 55
push    0xea034b2 8bec
push    0xea034b4 81ecac000000
push    0xea034ba 53
push    0xea034bb 56
push    0xea034bc 57
push    0xea034bd 40
push    0xea034be 48
push    0xea034bf c745f87077a20e
push    0xea034c6 8b4514
push    0xea034c9 50
push    0xea034ca 8b4510
push    0xea034cd 50
push    0xea034ce 8b450c
push    0xea034d1 50
push    0xea034d2 8b4508
push    0xea034d5 50
push    0xea034d6 ff55f8
call    dword [ebp-0x8]
>>> quit<>
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>_
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```

```
MZ.....
.....@.....
.....
.....!..L.!Th
is program cannot
be run in DOS
mode....$......
```

```
JMP 0xea034b1
```

```
PUSH EBP
MOV EBP, ESP
SUB ESP, 0xac
PUSH EBX
PUSH ESI
PUSH EDI
INC EAX
DEC EAX
MOV DWORD [EBP-0x8], 0xea27770
MOV EAX, [EBP+0x14]
PUSH EAX
MOV EAX, [EBP+0x10]
PUSH EAX
MOV EAX, [EBP+0xc]
PUSH EAX
MOV EAX, [EBP+0x8]
PUSH EAX
CALL DWORD [EBP-0x8]
```



Registry Hives

■ Table of standard hives and their supporting files

Registry hive	Supporting files
HKEY_CURRENT_CONFIG	System, System.alt, System.log, System.sav
HKEY_CURRENT_USER	Ntuser.dat, Ntuser.dat.log
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SAM	Sam, Sam.log, Sam.sav
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Security	Security, Security.log, Security.sav
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software	Software, Software.log, Software.sav
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System	System, System.alt, System.log, System.sav
HKEY_USERS\.DEFAULT	Default, Default.log, Default.sav



Show registry hives of a system via _CMHIVE parsing, e.g.
... \config\system points to registered services on a windows system

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py hivelist -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-b.vmem
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
Virtual    Physical    Name
0xe1bd0460 0x12686460  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Dokumente und Einstellungen\LocalService\Lokale Einstellungen\Anwendungsdaten\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat
0xe1cf9008 0x1269c008  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Dokumente und Einstellungen\LocalService\NTUSER.DAT
0xe1af9008 0x111fd008  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Dokumente und Einstellungen\karlchen\Lokale Einstellungen\Anwendungsdaten\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat
0xe1b02008 0x12652008  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Dokumente und Einstellungen\karlchen\NTUSER.DAT
0xe179f928 0x0a468928  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Dokumente und Einstellungen\NetworkService\Lokale Einstellungen\Anwendungsdaten\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat
0xe1782008 0x0a1bb008  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Dokumente und Einstellungen\NetworkService\NTUSER.DAT
0xe142d378 0x0781f378  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\WINDOWS\system32\config\software
0xe14156b8 0x075cd6b8  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\WINDOWS\system32\config\default
0xe1415b60 0x075cdb60  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\WINDOWS\system32\config\SECURITY
0xe141ab60 0x075d7b60  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\WINDOWS\system32\config\SAM
0xe12c7288 0x02d59288  [no name]
0xe1035b60 0x02b04b60  \Device\HarddiskVolume1\WINDOWS\system32\config\system
0xe102d008 0x02abd008  [no name]
0x8066e904 0x0066e904  [no name]
```

```
repne scasb    |
not     ecx
sub     edi,   ecx
mov     esi,   edi
mov     ebx,   ecx
```




Show registry key that looks suspicious or was hidden through API hooking on a live system

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 4
test   eax, eax
jnz    loc_672B3730
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
...[.....]

C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py printkey -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-b.vmem -o 0xe1035b60 -K ControlSet001\Services\pe386
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
Legend: (S) = Stable (V) = Volatile

-----
Registry: User Specified
Key name: pe386 (S)
Last updated: 2010-12-08 07:51:15

Subkeys:
(S) Security
(U) Enum

Values:
REG_DWORD    Type           : (S) 1
REG_DWORD    Start            : (S) 1
REG_DWORD    ErrorControl  : (S) 0
REG_EXPAND_SZ ImagePath    : (S) \??\C:\WINDOWS\system32\lzx32.sys
REG_SZ       DisplayName   : (S) Win23 lzx files loader
REG_SZ       Group         : (S) Base
REG_BINARY   ExtParam      : (S)
0000  1D DE 5B CB 93 E0 B1 AF 00 00    ...[.....]

repne scasb
not    ecx
sub    edi, ecx
mov    esi, edi
mov    ebx, ecx
```



Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT)

- The Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT) is a structure which is used when dispatching interrupts
- Interrupts can interrupt an execution of a program to to handle an event
- Interrupts could be a result of a hardware signal or software based using the INT instruction
- The IDT descriptor table can handle 256 entries
- The descriptor to the table can be written with the instruction LIDT and read with SIDT



Show IDT to detect manipulated interrupts

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 4
test    eax, eax
jnz     short loc_672B5428
```

```
lea    ecx, [c:\Volatility-2.0.1\vol.py idt -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-b.vmem]
```

```
pu Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

Index	Selector	Function	Value	Details
0	8	KiTrap00	0x8053d36c	ntoskrnl.exe .text
1	8	KiTrap01	0x8053d4e4	ntoskrnl.exe .text
2	50	KiTrap02	0x0	
3	8	KiTrap03	0x8053d8b4	ntoskrnl.exe .text
4	8	KiTrap04	0x8053da34	ntoskrnl.exe .text
5	8	KiTrap05	0x8053db90	ntoskrnl.exe .text
6	8	KiTrap06	0x8053dd04	ntoskrnl.exe .text
7	8	KiTrap07	0x8053e36c	ntoskrnl.exe .text
8	50	KiTrap08	0x0	
9	8	KiTrap09	0x8053e790	ntoskrnl.exe .text
A	8	KiTrap0A	0x8053e8b0	ntoskrnl.exe .text
B	8	KiTrap0B	0x8053e9f0	ntoskrnl.exe .text
C	8	KiTrap0C	0x8053ec4c	ntoskrnl.exe .text
D	8	KiTrap0D	0x8053ef30	ntoskrnl.exe .text
E	8	KiTrap0E	0x8053f620	ntoskrnl.exe .text
F	8	KiTrap0F	0x8053f950	ntoskrnl.exe .text
10	8	KiTrap10	0x8053fa70	ntoskrnl.exe .text
11	8	KiTrap11	0x8053fba8	ntoskrnl.exe .text
12	A0	KiTrap12	0x8053f950	ntoskrnl.exe .text
13	8	KiTrap13	0x8053fd10	ntoskrnl.exe .text
14	8	-	0x8053f950	ntoskrnl.exe .text
...				
2D	8	KiDebugService	0x8053d790	ntoskrnl.exe .text
2E	8	KiSystemService	0x806b973c	ntoskrnl.exe .rsrc => JMP 0xf6ec0e45
2F	8	-	0x8053f950	ntoskrnl.exe .text
30	8	KiUnexpectedInterrupt0	0x8053bd10	ntoskrnl.exe .text => JMP 0x8053c4f7
31	8	KiUnexpectedInterrupt1	0x8053bd1a	ntoskrnl.exe .text => JMP 0x8053c4f7
32	8	KiUnexpectedInterrupt2	0x8053bd24	ntoskrnl.exe .text => JMP 0x8053c4f7

```
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```



Show registered services (incl. hidden) and status via `_SERVICE*` records

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py svcscan -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-b.vmem
```

Record	Order	Pid	Name	DisplayName	Type	State
0x6e1e90	0x1		'Abiosdsk'	'Abiosdsk'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e1f20	0x2		'abp480n5'	'abp480n5'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e1fb0	0x3		'ACPI'	'Microsoft ACPI-Treiber'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_RU
NNING	\Driver\ACPI					
0x6e2038	0x4		'ACPIEC'	'ACPIEC'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e20c8	0x5		'adpu160m'	'adpu160m'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2158	0x6		'aec'	'Microsoft Kernel-Echounterdr\xfcckung'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e21e0	0x7		'AFD'	'AFD'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_RU
NNING	\Driver\AFD					
0x6e2268	0x8		'agp440'	'Intel AGP-Bus-Filter'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_RU
NNING	\Driver\agp440					
0x6e22f8	0x9		'Aha154x'	'Aha154x'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2388	0xa		'aic78u2'	'aic78u2'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2418	0xb		'aic78xx'	'aic78xx'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e24a8	0xc		'alerter'	'Warndienst'	SERVICE_WIN32_SHARE_PROCESS	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2538	0xd	716	'ALG'	'Gatewaydienst auf Anwendungsebene'	SERVICE_WIN32_OWN_PROCESS	SERVICE_RU
NNING	C:\WINDOWS\System32\alg.exe					
0x6e25c0	0xe		'Alilide'	'Alilide'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2650	0xf		'amsint'	'amsint'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e26e0	0x10		'AppMgmt'	'Anwendungsverwaltung'	SERVICE_WIN32_SHARE_PROCESS	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2770	0x11		'asc'	'asc'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e27f8	0x12		'asc3350p'	'asc3350p'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6e2888	0x13		'asc3550'	'asc3550'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_ST
OPPED						
0x6ead68	0x100		'pe386'	'Win23 lzx files loader'	SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER	SERVICE_RU
NNING	\Driver\pe386					

```
mov esi, edi  
mov ebx, ecx
```



Comparing the results of function "modules" via PsLoadedModuleList and function "driverscan" via DRIVER_OBJECT parsing. Driverscan shows the hidden driver

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, ecx
test    eax, eax
jnz     [esp+114h+LibFileName]
lea     edi, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
push    edi
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
not     ecx
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py modules -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-b.vmem |grep -i pe386
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py driverscan -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-b.vmem |grep -i pe386
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

```
0x023012d8 0x821b45b8 2 0 0xf6ebc000 73728 'pe386' 'pe386' '\\Driver\pe386'
```

```
push    edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```



SSDT and Shadow SSDT

- The SSDT is a data array in kernel memory, that stores pointers to the native API functions of Windows, e.g. NtCreateFile, NtEnumerateKey
- These functions are handled in NTOSKRNL
- Some older rootkits hooked some distinctive functions to hide its files or registry entries when queried from usermode
- Another data array is the Shadow SSDT, pointing to native graphic and windows related functions, handled in Win32k.sys



Finding manipulated SSDT und Shadow SSDT entries

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py ssdt -f \forensics\malware-images\runtime2.dmp
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0  
Gathering all referenced SSDTs from KTHREADs...  
Finding appropriate address space for tables...  
SSDT[0] at 80501030 with 284 entries  
Entry 0x0000: 0x8059849a (NtAcceptConnectPort) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0001: 0x805e5666 (NtAccessCheck) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0002: 0x805e8ec4 (NtAccessCheckAndAuditAlarm) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0003: 0x805e5698 (NtAccessCheckByType) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0004: 0x805e8efe (NtAccessCheckByTypeAndAuditAlarm) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0005: 0x805e56ce (NtAccessCheckByTypeResultList) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0006: 0x805e8f42 (NtAccessCheckByTypeResultListAndAuditAlarm) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0007: 0x805e8f86 (NtAccessCheckByTypeResultListAndAuditAlarmByHandle) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0008: 0x8060a5da (NtAddAtom) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0009: 0x8060b84e (NtAddBootEntry) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x000a: 0x805e0a08 (NtAdjustGroupsToken) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x000b: 0x805e0660 (NtAdjustPrivilegesToken) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x000c: 0x805c9684 (NtAlertResumeThread) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x000d: 0x805c9634 (NtAlertThread) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x000e: 0x8060ac00 (NtAllocateLocallyUniqueId) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x000f: 0x805aa088 (NtAllocateUserPhysicalPages) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0010: 0x8060a218 (NtAllocateUids) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0011: 0x8059c910 (NtAllocateVirtualMemory) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0012: 0x805a44da (NtAreMappedFilesTheSame) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0013: 0x805cb162 (NtAssignProcessToJobObject) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0014: 0x804fed04 (NtCallbackReturn) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0015: 0x805bce0e (NtCancelDeviceWakeupRequest) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0016: 0x8056abe6 (NtCancelIoFile) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0017: 0x805341dc (NtCancelTimer) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0018: 0x806038ea (NtClearEvent) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0019: 0x805b0714 (NtClose) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
...  
...  
...  
Entry 0x0041: 0xf76054d8 (NtDeleteValueKey) owned by runtime2.sys  
Entry 0x0042: 0x805bd312 (NtDeviceIoControlFile) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0043: 0x806078aa (NtDisplayString) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0044: 0x805b21f0 (NtDuplicateObject) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0045: 0x805e18a6 (NtDuplicateToken) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0046: 0x8060b84e (NtEnumerateBootEntries) owned by ntoskrnl.exe  
Entry 0x0047: 0xf760500a (NtEnumerateKey) owned by runtime2.sys
```



Global Descriptor Table (GDT) and callgates

- The GDT is a table used in protected mode of a x86 CPU to manage memory, multitasking and different callgates
- A callgate is a mechanism in Intel x86 arch to change privilege level of the CPU
- Some rootkits install such callgates to execute code with the highest privilege (Ring 0) from usermode (Ring 3) without the need to have a driver, e.g. by calling DeviceIOControl
- Callgate usage works by executing "call far ptr <addr>" from usermode code



Show Global Descriptor Table to detect installed callgates

```
c:\volatility-2.0.1>vol.py gdt -f \forensics\malware-images\alipop.dmp
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

Sel	Base	Limit	Type	DPL	Gr	Pr
0x0	0xffdf0a	0xdbbb	TSS16 Busy	2	By	P
0x8	0x0	0xffffffff	Code RE	0	Pg	P
0x10	0x0	0xffffffff	Data RW	0	Pg	P
0x18	0x0	0xffffffff	Code RE	3	Pg	P
0x20	0x0	0xffffffff	Data RW	3	Pg	P
0x28	0x80042000	0x20ab	TSS32 Busy	0	By	P
0x30	0xffdf000	0x1fff	Data RW	0	Pg	P
0x38	0x7ffdf000	0xfff	Data RW Ac	3	By	P
0x40	0x400	0xffff	Data RW	3	By	P
0x48	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0x50	0x80549100	0x68	TSS32 Avl	0	By	P
0x58	0x80549168	0x68	TSS32 Avl	0	By	P
0x60	0x22f30	0xffff	Data RW	0	By	P
0x68	0xb8000	0x3fff	Data RW	0	By	P
0x70	0xffff7000	0x3ff	Data RW	0	By	P
0x78	0x80400000	0xffff	Code RE	0	By	P
0x80	0x80400000	0xffff	Data RW	0	By	P
0x88	0x0	0x0	Data RW	0	By	P
0x90	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0x98	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xa0	0x825d8930	0x68	TSS32 Avl	0	By	P
0xa8	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xb0	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xb8	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xc0	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xc8	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xd0	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0xd8	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np

```
...  
...  
...
```

```
0x3e0 0x8003f000 - CallGate32 3 - P  
8003f000: hbdb0adfff MOU EBX, 0xffdf0adb  
8003f005: c3 RET
```

0x3e8	0x0	0xffffffff	Code RE	0	Pg	P
0x3f0	0x8003	0xf3f8	<Reserved>	0	By	Np
0x3f8	0x0	0x0	<Reserved>	0	By	Np



Kernel callback which is being called when a bugcheck occurs and possibly a crashdump is being created, e.g. to clean up malicious code pages

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py callbacks -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-c.vmem
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

Type	Callback	Owner
PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine	0xf887b6ae	vmdebug.sys
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0x81f53964	UNKNOWN
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0xf83e65ed	NDIS.sys (Ndis miniport)
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0x806d57ca	hal.dll (ACPI 1.0 - APIC platform UP)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b5aac0	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosData)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b5aa78	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosRegistry)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b5aa30	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosDataACPI)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82d93e2	VIDEOPRT.SYS (Videoprt)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8311006	USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8310f66	USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bac5be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bac5be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bac5be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf88ddc74	Cdfs.SYS (\FileSystem\Cdfs)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\mnmdd)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\VgaSave)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf7b488fa	vmhgfs.sys (\FileSystem\vmhgfs)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\RDPCDD)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bac5be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bac5be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf83d933d	Mup.sys (\FileSystem\Mup)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\vmx_svga)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf86aa73a	MountMgr.sys (\Driver\MountMgr)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf853b2be	ftdisk.sys (\Driver\Ftdisk)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0x805cc77c	ntoskrnl.exe (\FileSystem\RAW)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0x805f4630	ntoskrnl.exe (\Driver\WMIxWDM)



Kernel callback which is being called when a system is about to shut down, e.g. to check if MBR is still properly infected

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test    eax, eax
jnz     771075
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     C:\Volatility-2.0.1\vol.py callbacks -f \forensics\malware-images\ZeroAccess.dmp
or      Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
xor     Type
lea    PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine
rep    KeBugCheckCallbackListHead
not    KeBugCheckCallbackListHead
sub    KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback
mov    KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback
mov    KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback
cmp    KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback
jnz    KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback
lea    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
pus    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
pus    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
pus    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
cal    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
add    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
tes    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
jnz    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
lea    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
pus    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
cal    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
mov    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
or     IoRegisterShutdownNotification
xor    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
lea    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
rep    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
not    IoRegisterShutdownNotification
sub    edi, ecx
mov    esi, edi
mov    ebx, ecx
```

Type	Callback	Owner
PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine	0xf88db6ae	vmdebug.sys
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0xf83e65ed	NDIS.sys (Ndis miniport)
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0x806d57ca	hal.dll (ACPI 1.0 - APIC platform UP)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b62ac0	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosData)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b62a78	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosRegistry)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b62a30	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosDataACPI)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82d93e2	VIDEOPRT.SYS (Videoprt)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82fa006	USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82f9f66	USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\RDPCDD)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb45be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb45be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb45be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf7b6b9d0	UNKNOWN (\Driver\00001079)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb45be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf7b088fa	vmhgfs.sys (\FileSystem\vmhgfs)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\mnndd)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\vmx_svga)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf870dc74	Cdfs.SYS (\FileSystem\Cdfs)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb45be	Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c	VIDEOPRT.SYS (\Driver\UgaSave)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf83d933d	Mup.sys (\FileSystem\Mup)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf86aa73a	MountMgr.sys (\Driver\MountMgr)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0x805cc77c	ntoskrnl.exe (\FileSystem\RAW)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf853b2be	ftdisk.sys (\Driver\Ftdisk)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0x805f4630	ntoskrnl.exe (\Driver\WMIxWDM)



Kernel callback which is being called whenever a new module (Kernel+Usermode) gets loaded, e.g. to inject usermode code into the target process

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test   eax, eax
jnz    Z
lea     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   eax
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edi, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne  scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py callbacks -f \forensics\malware-images\tdl3.vmem
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

Type	Callback	Owner
PsSetLoadImageNotifyRoutine	0x81c606a8	UNKNOWN
rssetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine	0xr88606ae	vmdbug.sys
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0xf83bc5ed	NDIS.sys (Ndis miniport)
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0x806d57ca	hal.dll (ACPI 1.0 - APIC platform UP)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b5aac0	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosData)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b5aa78	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosRegistry)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b5aa30	mssmbios.sys (SMBiosDataACPI)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82af3e2	VIDEOPRT.SYS (Videoprt)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82d0006	USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82cff66	USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)



Kernel callbacks to fake NTOSKRNL.EXE, which is being called whenever a new module (Kernel+Usermode) gets loaded and a new process is created

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test    eax, eax
jnz     jmp_672B3730
lea     edi, [esp+110h+!hFileName]
push   edi
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
```

C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py callbacks -f \forensics\malware-images\carberp_with_bootkit.vmem

Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0

Time	Callback	Owner
	PsSetLoadImageNotifyRoutine	0x80801c60 ntoskrnl.exe
	PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine	0x80801220 ntoskrnl.exe
	PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine	0xf886b6ae vmdebug.sys
	KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0xf83e65ed NDIS.sys (Ndis miniport)
	KeBugCheckCallbackListHead	0x806d57ca hal.dll (ACPI 1.0 - APIC platform UP)
	KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b66ac0 mssmbios.sys (SMBiosData)
	KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b66a78 mssmbios.sys (SMBiosRegistry)
	KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf8b66a30 mssmbios.sys (SMBiosDataACPI)
	KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82d93e2 VIDEO.PRT.SYS (Videoprt)
	KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82fa006 USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
	KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback	0xf82f9f66 USBPORT.SYS (USBPORT)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf88bdc74 Cdfs.SYS (\FileSystem\Cdfs)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf7b488fa vmhgfs.sys (\FileSystem\vmhgfs)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb05be Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb05be Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb05be Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (\Driver\RDPCDD)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (\Driver\UgaSave)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb05be Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (\Driver\vmx_svga)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (\Driver\mnmd)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf8bb05be Fs_Rec.SYS (\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf83d933d Mup.sys (\FileSystem\Mup)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf86aa73a MountMgr.sys (\Driver\MountMgr)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0x805cc77c ntoskrnl.exe (\FileSystem\RAW)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0xf853b2be ftdisk.sys (\Driver\Ftdisk)
	IoRegisterShutdownNotification	0x805f4630 ntoskrnl.exe (\Driver\WMIxWDM)

```
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```



Kernel callback to get notified whenever a filesystem registers, e.g. to attach to filesystems as filterdriver and control/intercept IRP packets

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py callbacks -f \forensics\malware-images\stuxnet.dmp
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
Type                Callback            Owner
PsSetLoadImageNotifyRoutine 0xf89ead06 mrxcls.sys
PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutine 0xf888b6ae vmdebug.sys
IoRegisterFsRegistrationChange 0xf84be876 sr.sys
IoRegisterFsRegistrationChange 0xf8b369ec mrxnet.sys
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead 0xf83eb5ed NDIS.sys (&Ndis miniport)
KeBugCheckCallbackListHead 0x806d57ca hal.dll (<ACPI 1.0 - APIC platform UP)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback 0xf8b6aac0 mssmbios.sys (<SMBiosData)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback 0xf8b6aa78 mssmbios.sys (<SMBiosRegistry)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback 0xf8b6aa30 mssmbios.sys (<SMBiosDataACPI)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback 0xf82d93e2 VIDEO.PRT.SYS (<Videoprt)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback 0xf82fa006 USBPORT.SYS (<USBPORT)
KeRegisterBugCheckReasonCallback 0xf82f9f66 USBPORT.SYS (<USBPORT)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf890dc74 Cdfs.SYS (&\FileSystem\Cdfs)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf7b488fa vmhgfs.sys (&\FileSystem\vmhgfs)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (&\Driver\mnmdd)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (&\Driver\UgaSave)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf8bb25be Fs_Rec.SYS (&\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf8bb25be Fs_Rec.SYS (&\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf8bb25be Fs_Rec.SYS (&\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf8bb25be Fs_Rec.SYS (&\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf8bb25be Fs_Rec.SYS (&\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf8bb25be Fs_Rec.SYS (&\FileSystem\Fs_Rec)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (&\Driver\RDPCDD)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf82e565c VIDEO.PRT.SYS (&\Driver\vmx_svga)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf83d933d Mup.sys (&\FileSystem\Mup)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf86aa73a MountMgr.sys (&\Driver\MountMgr)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0xf853b2be ftdisk.sys (&\Driver\Ftdisk)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0x805cc77c ntoskrnl.exe (&\FileSystem\RAW)
IoRegisterShutdownNotification 0x805f4630 ntoskrnl.exe (&\Driver\WMIxWDM)
```



Show device tree via `_DEVICE_OBJECT` parsing, e.g. to detect unknown file devices

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py devicetree -f \forensics\malware-images\ZeroAccess.dmp
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
DRU 0x0208e350 '\\FileSystem\Srv'
----: DEV 0x8208e200 LanmanServer FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
DRU 0x02099948 '\\Driver\\sysaudio'
----: DEV 0x82099780 sysaudio FILE_DEVICE_KS
DRU 0x02099f38 '\\Driver\\wdmaud'
----: DEV 0x82099e08 <unnamed> FILE_DEVICE_KS
DRU 0x0209e040 '\\FileSystem\MRxDAU'
----: DEV 0x820a77e8 WebDavRedirector FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK_FILE_SYSTEM
DRU 0x020af160 '\\Driver\\LGTO_Sync'
----: DEV 0x82094e48 lgto_sync FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN
DRU 0x020c36f8 '\\FileSystem\Fastfat'
----: DEV 0x820c34a8 FatCdrom FILE_DEVICE_CD_ROM_FILE_SYSTEM
----: DEV 0x820c35d0 Fat FILE_DEVICE_DISK_FILE_SYSTEM
----: ATT 0x820c4dd0 <unnamed> - '\\FileSystem\sr' FILE_DEVICE_DISK_FILE_SYSTEM
DRU 0x020c6c90 '\\Driver\\win32dd'
----: DEV 0x822e0050 win32dd FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN
DRU 0x02193f38 '\\FileSystem\Cdfs'
----: DEV 0x8246a040 Cdfs FILE_DEVICE_CD_ROM_FILE_SYSTEM
DRU 0x022b8f38 '\\Driver\\mnmdd'
----: DEV 0x82496810 Video2 FILE_DEVICE_VIDEO
DRU 0x022bcda0 '\\Driver\\NetBT'
----: DEV 0x822c6c38 NetBT_Tcpip_{0D60763D-3050-49BD-AB14-1796BE4E40A1} FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
----: DEV 0x822d94e0 NetBt_Wins_Export FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
----: DEV 0x82312d30 NetbiosSmb FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
DRU 0x022bfh28 '\\Driver\\HTTP'
----: DEV 0x82050430 AppPool FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
----: DEV 0x822f46d8 Filter FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
----: DEV 0x820959e8 Control FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK
DRU 0x022c5880 '\\Driver\\Fips'
----: DEV 0x822c0f18 Fips FILE_DEVICE_FIPS
DRU 0x024596d0 '\\Driver\\00001079'
----: DEV 0x8243c040 ACPI#PNP0303#2&da1a3ff&0 FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN
DRU 0x0245b458 '\\FileSystem\MRxSmb'
----: DEV 0x822b5f18 LanmanDatagramReceiver FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK_BROWSER
----: DEV 0x823a0270 LanmanRedirector FILE_DEVICE_NETWORK_FILE_SYSTEM
DRU 0x0245ec70 '\\Driver\\swenum'
----: DEV 0x820a1b88 KSENUM#00000009 FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN
----: ATT 0x820ae030 <unnamed> - '\\Driver\\kmixer' FILE_DEVICE_KS
----: DEV 0x82099ce8 KSENUM#00000002 FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN
----: ATT 0x82099780 sysaudio - '\\Driver\\sysaudio' FILE_DEVICE_KS
----: DEV 0x8209a400 KSENUM#00000001 FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN
----: ATT 0x82099e08 <unnamed> - '\\Driver\\wdmaud' FILE_DEVICE_KS
----: DEV 0x824461b8 <unnamed> FILE_DEVICE_BUS_EXTENDER
DRU 0x0233aca8 '\\Driver\\RasAcd'
```



Hunting for orphan threads

- Drivers requiring delayed processing usually use a work item, using `IoQueueWorkItem` with a pointer to its callback routine
- When a system worker thread processes the queued item it gets removed and the callback gets invoked
- System worker threads run in the system process context (PID 4)
- Whenever work items have been processed or other system threads have been created this leaves traces on the callstack
- Modern rootkits often map themselves into the non paged kernel pool, start this code as system thread and unload the original driver. These system threads without an existing driver entry can be detected with the Volatility "OrphanThread" function



System Worker Threads parsing (SYSTEM process) to detect orphan threads

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     eax, eax
test    eax, eax
jnz     72B5428
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push    edx
```

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py threads -f \forensics\malware-images\ZeroAccess.dmp -F OrphanThread
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

```
-----
ETHREAD: 0x822d8030 Pid: 4 Tid: 504
Tags: OrphanThread, SystemThread
Created: 2011-12-06 11:15:44
Exited: -
Owning Process: 0x825b4830 'System'
Attached Process: 0x825b4830 'System'
State: Waiting:WrQueue
BasePriority: 0x8
Priority: 0x8
TEB: 0x00000000
```

```
StartAddress: 0xf7b6d105
```

```
ServiceTable: 0x80552180
```

```
[0] 0x80501030
[1] -
[2] -
[3] -
```

```
Win32Thread: 0x00000000
```

```
CrossThreadFlags: PS_CROSS_THREAD_FLAGS_SYSTEM
```

```
f7b6d105: 58                POP EAX
f7b6d106: 870424             XCHG [ESP], EAX
f7b6d109: ffd0              CALL EAX
f7b6d10b: 8b0df82bb7f7     MOV ECX, [0xf7b72bf8]
f7b6d111: ff250002b7f7     JMP DWORD [0xf7b70200]
f7b6d117: 64a118000000     MOV EAX, [FS:0x18]
```

```
mov    ecx, ecx
sub    edi, ecx
mov    esi, edi
mov    ebx, ecx
```



Hunting for suspicious functions in kernel timers

- Kernel timer DPCs are being used to schedule an execution of a function to a particular time
- Some rootkits install timers, e.g. to start C&C communication after an elapsed time or to check if the system is currently being traced or debugged

```
push    Z
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 0Ch
test   eax, eax
jnz    short loc_672B5428
lea    edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push   edx
call   sub_672B35F0
mov    edi, off_672CA058
or     ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor    eax, eax
lea    edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne scasb
not    ecx
sub    edi, ecx
mov    esi, edi
mov    ebx, ecx
```



Show installed kernel timer routines and its owners via _KTIMER parsing

```
c:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py timers -f \forensics\malware-images\rustock-c.vmem
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

Offset	DueTime	Period(ms)	Signaled	Routine	Module
0xf730a790	0x00000000:0x6db0f0b4	0	-	0xf72fb385	srv.sys
0x80558a40	0x00000000:0x68f10168	1000	Yes	0x80523026	ntoskrnl.exe
0x821cb240	0x00000000:0x68fa8ad0	0	-	0xf84b392e	sr.sys
0x8054f288	0x00000000:0x69067692	0	-	0x804e5aec	ntoskrnl.exe
0xf7c13fa0	0x00000000:0x74f6fd46	60000	Yes	0xf7c044d3	ipsec.sys
0xf7c13b08	0x00000000:0x74f6fd46	0	-	0xf7c04449	ipsec.sys
0x8055a300	0x00000008:0x61e82b46	0	-	0x80533bf8	ntoskrnl.exe
0xf7c13b70	0x00000008:0x6b719346	0	-	0xf7c04449	ipsec.sys
0xf7befbf0	0x00000000:0x690d9da0	0	-	0xf89aa3f0	TDI.SYS
0x81ea5ee8	0x00000000:0x7036f590	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x81d69180	0x80000000:0x3ae334ee	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0xf70d0040	0x00000000:0x703bd2ae	0	-	0xf70c3ae8	HTTP.sys
0xf7a74260	0x00000000:0x75113724	60000	Yes	0xf7a6cf98	ipnat.sys
0x82012e08	0x00000000:0x8a87d2d2	0	-	0xf832653c	ks.sys
0x81f01358	0x00000008:0x6b97b8e6	0	-	0xf7b8448a	netbt.sys
0x81f41218	0x00000000:0x6933c340	0	-	0xf7b8448a	netbt.sys
0x805508d0	0x00000000:0x6ba6cdb6	60000	Yes	0x804f3b72	ntoskrnl.exe
0x80559160	0x00000000:0x695c4b3a	0	-	0x80526bac	ntoskrnl.exe
0x820822e4	0x00000000:0xa2a56bb0	150000	Yes	0x81c1642f	UNKNOWN
0xf842f150	0x00000000:0xb5cb4e80	0	-	0xf841473e	Ntfs.sys
0x821811b0	0x00000131:0x34c6cb8e	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x81fd71b0	0x00000131:0x34c92de8	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x81fd51b0	0x00000000:0x698e5c9c	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x81fd5a50	0x00000000:0x698e5c9c	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x81d032c8	0x00000000:0x6e53109c	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x81f53488	0x00000098:0x9e4df29c	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x81fffb40	0x00000131:0x34cdf29c	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x81ffd608	0x00000000:0x88c16258	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x82026328	0x00000001:0xee621e58	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x81d5a730	0x00000000:0x7f4b0d28	0	-	0xf7b8448a	netbt.sys
0x8200ec90	0x00000001:0x9d784ff8	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x805530a0	0x00000000:0xb638faac	0	-	0x80509d2a	ntoskrnl.exe
0xf70d00e0	0x00000000:0x81eb644c	0	-	0xf70c18de	HTTP.sys
0xf70cd808	0x00000000:0x81eb644c	60000	Yes	0xf70b6202	HTTP.sys
0x81e57fb0	0x00000000:0x6a4f7b16	30000	Yes	0xf7b62385	afd.sys
0x81f5f8d4	0x00000000:0x6a517bc8	3435	Yes	0x81c1642f	UNKNOWN
0x82055218	0x00000000:0x6cb1d516	10000	Yes	0xf8a126c4	watchdog.sys
0x82022530	0x00000000:0x6cb1d516	10000	Yes	0xf8a126c4	watchdog.sys
0x82007270	0x80000000:0x139ab60a	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x82041b40	0x00000098:0x9f1d5f32	0	-	0xf83fafdf	NDIS.sys
0x8207acc0	0x80000000:0x0f13ff2e	0	-	0x80534016	ntoskrnl.exe
0x81f7eaf4	0x00000000:0x6d0082b0	20000	Yes	0x81c1642f	UNKNOWN
0x82035308	0x00000000:0x74442ce8	60000	Yes	0xf83fb72c	NDIS.sys



Show driver IRPs to detect manipulated dispatcher functions (Example: DriverStartIo hook)

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py driverirp -f \forensics\malware-images\tdl4.vmem -r atapi
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

DriverStart	Name	IRP	IrpAddr	IrpOwner	HookAddr	HookOwner
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CREATE	0xf84dc572	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CREATE_NAMED_PIPE	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CLOSE	0xf84dc572	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_READ	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_WRITE	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_INFORMATION	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_INFORMATION	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_EA	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_EA	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_FLUSH_BUFFERS	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_VOLUME_INFORMATION	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_VOLUME_INFORMATION	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_DIRECTORY_CONTROL	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_FILE_SYSTEM_CONTROL	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_DEVICE_CONTROL	0xf84dc592	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_INTERNAL_DEVICE_CONTROL	0xf84d87b4	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SHUTDOWN	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_LOCK_CONTROL	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CLEANUP	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CREATE_MAILSLLOT	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_SECURITY	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_SECURITY	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_POWER	0xf84dc5bc	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SYSTEM_CONTROL	0xf84e3164	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_DEVICE_CHANGE	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_QUOTA	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_QUOTA	0x804f320e	ntoskrnl.exe	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_PNP	0xf84e3130	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	DriverStartIo	0x81ca5292	UNKNOWN	-	-



Show driver IRPs to detect manipulated dispatcher functions But where's the hook?

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py driverirp -f \forensics\malware-images\tdl3.vmem -r atapi
```

```
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
```

DriverStart	Name	IRP	IrpAddr	IrpOwner	HookAddr	HookOwner
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CREATE	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CREATE_NAMED_PIPE	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CLOSE	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_READ	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_WRITE	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_INFORMATION	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_INFORMATION	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_EA	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_EA	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_FLUSH_BUFFERS	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_VOLUME_INFORMATION	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_VOLUME_INFORMATION	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_DIRECTORY_CONTROL	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_FILE_SYSTEM_CONTROL	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_DEVICE_CONTROL	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_INTERNAL_DEVICE_CONTROL	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SHUTDOWN	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_LOCK_CONTROL	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CLEANUP	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_CREATE_MAILSLLOT	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_SECURITY	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_SECURITY	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_POWER	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SYSTEM_CONTROL	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_DEVICE_CHANGE	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_QUERY_QUOTA	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_SET_QUOTA	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	IRP_MJ_PNP	0xf84db9f2	atapi.sys	-	-
0xf84d2000	'atapi'	DriverStartIo	0xf84d97c6	'atapi'	-	-

```
not ecx  
sub edi, ecx  
mov esi, edi  
mov ebx, ecx
```



Show driver IRPs including disassembly using the driverirp function in combination with the -v parameter. This shows the patched code and jump to the _KUSER_SHARED_DATA area

```
C:\Volatility-2.0.1>vol.py driverirp -f \forensics\malware-images\tdl3.vmem -r atapi -v
Volatile Systems Volatility Framework 2.0
DriverStart Name IRP IrpAddr IrpOwner HookAddr HookOwner
0xf84d2000 'atapi' IRP_MJ_CREATE 0xf84db9f2 atapi.sys - -
f84db9f2: a10803dfff MOV EAX, [0xffdf0308]
f84db9f7: ffa0fc000000 JMP DWORD [EAX+0xfc]
f84db9fd: f4 HLT
f84db9fe: 1800 SBB [EAX], AL
f84dba00: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba02: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba04: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba06: 8bff MOV EDI, EDI
f84dba08: 55 PUSH EBP
f84dba09: 8bec MOV EBP, ESP

0xf84d2000 'atapi' IRP_MJ_CREATE_NAMED_PIPE 0xf84db9f2 atapi.sys - -
f84db9f2: a10803dfff MOV EAX, [0xffdf0308]
f84db9f7: ffa0fc000000 JMP DWORD [EAX+0xfc]
f84db9fd: f4 HLT
f84db9fe: 1800 SBB [EAX], AL
f84dba00: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba02: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba04: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba06: 8bff MOV EDI, EDI
f84dba08: 55 PUSH EBP
f84dba09: 8bec MOV EBP, ESP

0xf84d2000 'atapi' IRP_MJ_CLOSE 0xf84db9f2 atapi.sys - -
f84db9f2: a10803dfff MOV EAX, [0xffdf0308]
f84db9f7: ffa0fc000000 JMP DWORD [EAX+0xfc]
f84db9fd: f4 HLT
f84db9fe: 1800 SBB [EAX], AL
f84dba00: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
f84dba02: 0000 ADD [EAX], AL
...
...
...
```



Conclusion

- Volatility is a very powerful tool, which is able to detect even the most advanced rootkits if it's being used properly.
- The analyst should have good windows knowledge to combine the different functions in a smart way and draw the right conclusions
- False positives could be caused by security software like HIPS, AV or personal firewalls, as they act in a very similar way malware does. The only way to be 100% sure if the code is malicious or not the investigator has to disassemble the dumped code resp. alerted functions



```
push    2
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 0Ch
test    eax, eax
jnz     short loc_672B5428
lea     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push    edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
cmp     eax, 7Eh
jnz     loc_672B5455
lea     ecx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push    104h
push    ecx
push    2
call    sub_672B3730
add     esp, 0Ch
test    eax, eax
jnz     short loc_672B5428
lea     edx, [esp+110h+LibFileName]
push    edx
call    sub_672B35F0
mov     edi, off_672CA058
or      ecx, 0FFFFFFFFh
xor     eax, eax
lea     edx, [esp+114h+LibFileName]
repne scasb
not     ecx
sub     edi, ecx
mov     esi, edi
mov     ebx, ecx
```

Questions?

